

# THE JAPS WERE VICTORIOUS ON LAND AND SEA

## THE RUSSIAN FORCES LOSE AT ALL POINTS

### Bombardment Of Port Dalny and Port Arthur Renewed

### JAPS ON THE "BEARS" FLANK

### And Perhaps In The Rear—Movement Likened Unto Napoleonic Campaign In Italy

London March 10.—A dispatch to the TIMES from Wei-Hai-Wei dated March 9th says: "It is reported on good authority that a collision between the Russian and Japanese troops has occurred near Hai Jui, Korea, 54 miles northeast of Chemulpo, which resulted in the defeat of the Russians."

#### RENEW ATTACK ON PORT ARTHUR.

Tokio, March 9.—The Japanese fleet under Admiral Togo bombarded the forts at Port Dalny, 30 miles from Port Arthur, last night and then renewed the attack on Port Arthur. The result with details of the engagement are not made public.

It is assumed that this is the preliminary to the beginning of land operations, which are now probably under way along the Yalu and near Port Arthur.

The Japanese have official information that of the 13 Russian warships inside the harbor of Port Arthur, all are disabled except five.

It is also asserted that Whoang-Kishon fort, at Port Arthur, was half destroyed by the Japanese shells and that only three batteries are available.

#### CONFIRMS LAND FIGHT.

Washington, March 9.—The government here has received advices by cable from Chefoo, opposite Port Arthur, that Japanese land forces have appeared at Fung Wang Chang and at Tashan. The first named place is about 45 miles north of Antung, in Manchuria, and the latter is a few miles inland from the mouth of the Yalu river, according to the calculations of the naval officers here. They believe that this movement has placed the Japanese on the Russian flank and perhaps in the rear and on their line of communication. It is believed that the attack on Port Arthur and Dalny was a diversionary move to cover this expeditionary land movement of the Japanese forces, who were probably landed from transports at some point west of the Yalu river.

#### THE JAPANESE VICTORIOUS.

By the Associated Press.

London, March 10.—No further news has reached London of the reported fighting at Port Arthur, or of the Vladivostok squadron. Up to a late hour Wednesday night the Japanese legation here had heard nothing of these reported occurrences, but it is considered significant that none of the Russian official dispatches make any mention of the Vladivostok cruisers.

The news from Washington of the appearance of Japanese forces at Fung Wang Chang is regarded as most important.

According to the Tien Tsin correspondent of the Telegraph, the Japanese have advanced from the Yalu river, captured Fung Wang Chang and drove out the Russians in the vicinity of the Ta Ku Ling eastern pass, and are in force seventy miles east of New Chwang.

The Russians with 35,000 men are entrenched strongly at Liao Yang and Hai Cheng, where fighting is imminent. Some small engagements already have been fought, the Russians retiring with losses.

The Yin Kow correspondent of the Paris edition of the New York Herald also vaguely reports the Japanese fifty miles northwest of Antung, and well to westward of the Yalu river.

To some military critics it is inconceivable that the Japanese really can have executed such a sudden, unexpected and successful turning of the Russian position on the Yalu river, which it is thought would have necessitated a larger force than it is believed Japan can possibly have at this point.

The Telegraph commenting on these reports says that if the news of this strange and marvelous collapse of Russian power on land is true, there is nothing to prevent the Japanese from seizing Mukden and the railroad. There has been nothing to compare with this move, the paper continues, since Napoleon staggered Europe by appearing in the plains of Italy, having descended from the Alps as from the clouds. Its effect throughout the east will be stupendous.

By Associated Press.

Vladivostok, March 9.—The czar, in a message congratulating the defense of Vladivostok, expressed his conviction that they would all make a rampart of their bodies to protect Russia's stronghold against the tactics of the enemy.

#### DO NOT MENTION IT.

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, March 9.—The Associated Press has received direct advices from Vladivostok, dated at 5 o'clock this evening. They do not mention any naval engagement.

#### QUOTE JAP CORRESPONDENT.

By Associated Press.

Keliff, Russia, March 9.—The papers here make a feature of an interview with a Japanese correspondent of the Nichi-Nichi, who is now visiting the Balkans. He is quoted as saying the Japanese fully recognize that they have no hope of defeating Russia unless her attention is diverted by possible complications in the Balkans. The subject of his visit is to ascertain the chances of such trouble breaking out.

## BRISTOW REPORT BORN IN SHAME

Attacks Body of Men Free From  
Any Wrong-Doing

### WARM TIME IN HOUSE

GROSVENOR OF OHIO CHARGES  
DOCUMENT AS BEING PRO-  
DUCTION OF LIAR AND  
SCOUNDREL.

By the Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—That an investigation of the postoffice department by the public will result from the publication of the report involving members of congress in that connection, was indicated by every expression possible. With a whirl of protest the reports were taken up by indignant members, their personal connection with it explained and epithets hurled at Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow. "The Bristow report was conceived in iniquity, born in sin and has traveled its course until it has struck the public of the United States as a great attack on a body of men as free from wrong-doing, corruption, crime and irregularity as any equal number of men on the face of the earth. This was the tribute to the report."

"That document is the production of a liar and a scoundrel," said Representative Hill, of Connecticut in making an explanation of his connection with certain leases. He added that he should vote both to investigate himself and also the fourth assistant postmaster general.

"There is nothing in any of it to impugn an improper motive or the conduct of any member of the house," said Chairman Overstreet of the committee, who combated the idea of an investigation.

Williams, the Democratic leader, urged a complete investigation of the whole post office department and received hearty applause from both sides of the chamber and from the gallery.

Cooper, (Wisconsin) said he was "one of the members under indictment." No member of the house, he said, whose name was in the list; "coupled with that of A. W. Machen, whom the court knows, and the world knows is a convicted felon on his way to the pen, had a right to stand up in the house and ask for a moment delay upon the resolutions."

Kitchen, (North Carolina) charged Bristow with "deliberately suppressing important and material facts, and insisted that Bristow's action was for good purposes."

Butler, (Pennsylvania) said he differed from Grosvenor and he would defy any one to close the doors of the postoffice department to him. "What my constituents are entitled to," he vigorously remarked, "they shall have," and sneeringly added, "Bristow or no Bristow. Whoever had assailed him, he said, was a coward."

Thompson, (Alabama) characterized the report as infamous and as having for its object the intimidation of members in order to keep them from insisting upon their rights. He declared no insinuation of that kind would keep him from exercising his duty as a congressman.

Robinson, (Arkansas) demanded an investigation of the entire postoffice department. The Bristow report, he said, was an attempt to "muddy the waters," and prevent the house from making a thorough investigation of that department.

Cooper, (Wisconsin) interrupted Robinson and said he had been informed by an old member of the house that Bristow, "trembling from illness" told that member that he, (Bristow), had never seen the report as it was now printed. "Therefore," said Cooper, "I think the abuse of him ought to stop."

Maddox, (Ga.) the last speaker of the day referred to the fact that the report contained only one of the nine specific instances charged in the original "indictment." Overstreet, explained that that was because the other eight were not sent to the committee.

Maddox quickly took advantage of this reply and said it showed that all the data at the department's command had not been supplied and that there should be an investigation.

It soon was found that the time allotted the subject was not going to be nearly enough for the personal explanations, which the members were demanding the right to make, and a motion was carried to extend the debate until four o'clock tomorrow.

The house adjourned at 5 o'clock.

#### IN THE SENATE.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, March 9.—The question of investigating the postoffice department was again brought forward at the meeting of the senate committee at the meeting of the senate committee. Senator Gorman wanted the Penrose resolution reported and the Republican members resolved that if there were any specific charges to be investigated they were ready to listen to them. The Democratic members tried to have a day fixed for considering the investigation resolution, but the adjournment hour was reached before any action was taken.

#### HAS NOT YET ARRIVED

States But Will Arrive  
In July.

New York, March 9.—The report that Mrs. Florence Maybrick, recently pardoned by the British government, arrived yesterday on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II, was denied today by Attorney Decker counsel for Mrs. Maybrick in the litigation going on about her property. Mr. Decker said: "Mrs. Maybrick's present plans are to arrive here in July."

#### PATTI LEAVES AMERICA.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 9.—Adeline Patti announces that she will leave immediately for New York to take a steamer for England. She says she has canceled all her engagements.

Bad business and the persistent efforts of constables to get at the box office receipts are responsible.

#### WITH THE JURY TODAY.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, March 9.—The fate of the car barn bandits will rest with the jury tomorrow afternoon. The last argument for the defense was made this afternoon and the state will close tomorrow noon.

#### SURVEYING PROPOSED ROUTE.

By the Associated Press.

Springfield, March 9.—The surveying corps of the Chicago Rock Island and Pacific Railroad company are at work on a line running west of Norton, Ill., angling southeast of Jackson Ill., thence through Markham to Beardstown. The survey, as originally made was from Burlington, Iowa, through Macomb and Rushville to Beardstown. It is now believed that the road will be touched at Jacksonville.

#### EXPRESSES NO PREFERENCE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—An authoritative denial was made today that the president has expressed a desire that one of the candidates for the governorship of Illinois should not be nominated. It is stated that the president has not, and will not, make any statement that he is for, or against, any candidate for governor of Illinois. All reports that he had made such a statement are without foundation.

#### MINISTER TO PANAMA.

By the Associated Press.

Washington March 9.—The president has directed the transfer of John Barrett, present minister of the Argentine Republic, to be minister to Panama. W. W. Russell, at present charge of Panama, has been made minister to Colombia and Arthur W. Beaune, now minister to Colombia, has been made minister to Argentina to succeed Mr. Barrett.

#### TILLMAN VERY SICK.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina is very ill with a serious throat trouble. His friends are much concerned, as it is impossible for him to swallow and a liquid nourishment is all that he can take.

#### MINERS' MASS MEETING.

By Associated Press.

Marion, Ill., March 8.—The miners of Williamson county held a mass meeting at various points today to consider the operators' proposition made at Indianapolis. The result of the vote was not announced, but sentiment favored accepting the proposition.

#### FIFTY DROWNED IN WRECK.

By Associated Press.

London, March 9.—It is stated tonight that the steamer Cambridge, wrecked off the coast of Cochin, China, carried 100 passengers, mostly Annamese. About fifty were drowned.

## MOB MAY CLASH WITH THE BLACKS

Five More Companies Ordered  
Out to Prevent It

### REVIEW OF MOB WORK

DRIVEN TO TAKE LAW INTO OWN  
HANDS BY FREQUENCY OF  
MURDER AND NEGRO  
DOMINATION.

By the Associated Press.

Springfield, Ohio, March 9.—In view of the threatening outlook and a possible clash between the whites and blacks, the city officials have asked the governor for five more companies. The request was immediately complied with and reinforcements are now on the way. This will increase the total military force here to fifteen companies.

#### ONLY ONE OUTBREAK.

By the Associated Press.

Springfield, Ohio, March 9.—The only outbreak up to midnight occurred in Winter street. Five shots fired at a negro brought the three companies of militia to the scene. The police had in the meantime restored order. The colored occupants of houses in that neighborhood were ordered indoors. Several times during the night the soldiers were obliged to force the jeering crowds back from the lines at the point of the bayonet.

#### MILITARY IN CONTROL.

By the Associated Press.

Springfield, Ohio, March 9.—At 11 p. m. the militia had dispersed the crowds in the central part of the city but it was feared they would form elsewhere for later movements. While there are 15,000 negroes in this city, none were seen anywhere tonight. Demonstrations in yelling and jeering were from the crowds at the militia. Telegrams are being received by negroes from their fellows in other states offering help. The pastor of a colored church in Kansas City today wired a pastor here: "If you want any aid from Kansas, call on us. We are prepared to come to your rescue." The negroes are so intimidated that they are afraid to be seen getting telegrams or mail. Men had the effects of those burned out last night, and negroes do the work under a military guard. Colonel Mead is holding the city tonight. Tomorrow there will be 18 companies of militia on duty here.

#### Review of Mob's Work.

By Associated Press.

Springfield, Ohio, March 9.—The wild scenes of Tuesday and last night have passed into history. The thousands of citizens who took the law into their hands on Tuesday night, following it up by burning down a large number of houses inhabited by disreputable negroes, because as they say, the wheels of justice in this city turned too slowly, resumed their duties this morning and were not for the burned district, the soldiers and the crowds of curious people that hang about the jail and the burned district, there would be nothing to indicate that this city had just passed through its stormiest period of its existence.

The people realize fully that their acts were a violation of the law, but the sentiment seems to be decidedly in favor of those who had a hand in the affair. They had but one object in view when they stormed the jail, and that was to satisfy the ends of justice. They had but one object in view when they fired the "levee," and that was to rid the city of the disreputable negroes that lived in the quarter, and when these objects were accomplished, they retired to their homes satisfied with their work. A blot may rest upon the fair name of Springfield, but the reward to the city is regarded as more than the disgrace incurred.

The citizens of Springfield, with a population of 48,000 have stood agast during the past two years at the murders that have been committed in their city. In that time 11 lives have been snuffed out, and not one guilty party was condemned to be executed. They were given life sentences, while the others escaped with light punishment. One was even only convicted of assault. Another was acquitted. The people were afraid to venture out upon the streets at night through fear of being shot down by marauders or the stripe of Richard Dickerson, alias Dixon, the lynched negro thug.

There is no denying the fact that the light sentences made the criminal classes bold and reckless. Negroes have been frequently heard to say that even if they did kill a white man they only get about six months in the workhouse for their crime. Five of the murderers have been negroes imported here from the South, and the

colored people born and raised here do not hesitate to say that they have been disgraced and humiliated by the importation.

The body of Dixon when cut down was found to have been riddled with bullets. The coroner counted 29 bullet holes, nine of which were in the chest. The pole from which he was suspended was badly splintered by the leaden missiles. The coroner held his inquest today and rendered his verdict. Not a witness was called. In explanation Coroner Thomas said that he had been unable to find any one who would admit that he saw the negro killed.

The following is the verdict:

"After having heard the evidence and examined the body I do find that the deceased came to his death at the hands of a mob which forcibly broke into the county jail, overpowered the authorities and lynched the said Richard Dixon. I am unable to determine the direct cause of death, but found him hanging by the neck to a pole at the southeast corner of Main street and Fountain avenue, in Springfield, with a number of bullet holes in his body. I have been credibly informed that he was placed there at about 1:15 p. m., March 7, 1904.

"I am unable to fix the responsibility for his death."

#### FOUND POISON IN EXHIBIT.

By Associated Press.

Pierre, S. D., March 9.—Prof. White head of the state agricultural college today testified before the coroner's jury investigating the death of Reni Nelson by poison that he found poison in the exhibit presented to him for analysis.

## POSTMASTER MISSING

Last Heard of Him in Chicago Where  
Sold Some Cattle—Supposed to  
Have Been Murdered.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, March 9.—The police of Chicago have been asked to find J. E. Watt, of Paris North Dakota who is thought by his relatives to have been murdered here. Watt, who is postmaster at Paris, left home last December for St. Paul where he sold a herd of cattle, and then wrote to friends that he was going to Chicago. He sold more cattle here and received a large sum of money for them. He said while here that he was going to visit his father, at Westville, Pennsylvania.

He has never appeared in Westville and nothing has been heard of him since he sold the cattle in Chicago.

## ANOTHER BOLD HOLDUP

R. A. Cunningham Robbed Near His  
Residence on Park Place West  
Last Night.

By Associated Press.

About 10 o'clock last night while on his way home Mr. R. A. Cunningham was held up and robbed by two white men who enforced their demands at the muzzle of revolvers.

The thieves procured \$125 in money and started to take Mr. Cunningham's watch, but changed their minds and left the timepiece with him.

At a late hour this morning the police are unable to give any particulars.

## SPECIAL SYNOD CALLED

The Diocese of Synod will Meet to  
Elect a Bishop Coadjutor.

By Associated Press.

By order of the bishop of the diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, Rt. Reverend George Franklin Seymour, a call has been issued to the clergy and laity of the Diocese of Springfield for a special meeting or Synod to take action on the vacancy existing in the position of Bishop Coadjutor. Since the death of the late Charles R. Hale, Bishop of Cairo, the Diocese of Springfield has been without a coadjutor and Bishop Seymour has no assistant. It will be remembered that at the regular annual Synod held at Springfield last December the Rev. George Brinley Morgan of Christ Church, New Haven, Connecticut was elected Bishop Coadjutor of this diocese. The gentleman subsequently declined the honor as no regular Synod will be held until December. It is the wish of Bishop Seymour that a special Synod convene for the purpose of holding an election made necessary by the declination of Dr. Morgan. Another reason for action at this time is in the fact that the General Convention of the church, which meets annually, will be held in Boston next October and it is desirable that a Bishop Coadjutor shall be elected before that time.

The Diocese meeting will be held at Springfield April 12th, and the call is signed by the Rev. P. A. Rosset, formerly of this city, as secretary of the standing committee of the Diocese. A number of the parishioners of the church of the Redeemer, of this city, will attend the Synod as delegates from the parish.

## THE SMOOT CASE STILL ON TRIAL

Several Mormon Officials Admit  
a Plurality of Wives

### PROSECUTION END CASE

SEVERAL WITNESSES FAILING TO  
APPEAR—GO INTO EXECU-  
TIVE TO CONSIDER  
TESTIMONY.

By Associated Press.

Washington, March 9.—Several officials of the Mormon church today testified in the Smoot case that they had plural wives and had continued to practice polygamy cohabitation since the manifesto of 1890. Just before the adjournment for the day, the committee held an executive session for the purpose of having read the unprintable testimony in the Teasdale divorce case.

The prosecution stated it had no more witnesses ready to put on the stand on account of the failure of several summoned officials of the Mormon church to appear. President Smith was asked to use his influence with the witnesses and promised to get into communication with them, if it was possible to do so.

Loren Harner, formerly bishop of the Mormon church, today gave the first testimony in favor of the defense that has been offered thus far.

He said that he had been convicted of adultery and that he believed Smoot was responsible for his arrest. The charge against Harner was unlawful cohabitation with a woman who was not his wife, and not a prosecution on account of cohabitation with his plural wives.

President Smith and a number of officials of the church who have been witnesses in the case, today were excused from further attendance and they will return to their homes in Utah.

#### "HAS BEEN A HELL FOR ME."

Salt Lake, Utah, March 9.—"Polygamy may be divine for some women, but it has been a hell for me," declared the first wife of Hans P. Folkerson. Her statement was made after she was told that Mrs. Smith, first wife of President Joseph F. Smith, had said: "I do not simply believe that polygamy is divine, I know it."

Miss Anna Anderson became the wife of Folkerson nearly twenty years ago. Before she had been married two years he, in spite of her prayers and entreaties that he should not divide his love, chose Lena P. Madison as his plural wife.

"My griefs and troubles date from the hour he brought home the second wife," declared the first wife today. "Before I was married, I had many chances to become a second wife, but I would not, because, although I did believe polygamy to be right, I did not want to make any good first wife suffer or be neglected."

"Of course, if a woman believes in polygamy so strongly as to feel that she must obey and submit in order to be saved it will make her burden easier to bear. I was in the church for years before I was married, and I am still a devout woman, but when a husband tells me that he is my God and that I must bow to him in everything, submit to his caprices, his abuses, his shameful, disgraceful neglect, his vile slanders and his bestiality, then I say he is a devil, that is the only name he deserves."

The woman's emotions overcame her and she ended this outburst of passion. She sobbed a few moments and then went on:

"The first two children died because of neglect. When they were born, I did not have fuel enough to keep up a fire and was left alone without care for several days. The first died in eight days. The second baby came things were no better. It died in a few hours because no provision was made to care for it."

#### AGAINST PLURAL MARRIAGES.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, March 9.—The investigation in Washington of the case of Senator Smoot has stirred the Women's Christian Temperance union to action and the organization will make a united effort to have polygamy placed on the list of crimes against the constitution of the United States. To bring about the desired result Mrs. Lillian M. Stevens, national president of the society, has prepared a circular letter which is being sent broadcast from the national headquarters at Evanston, urging the submission of an amendment to the constitution of the United States prohibiting plural marriages.